

**SOME RELATIONS OF BESSEL POLYNOMIALS**  
**Математички Билтен, 24 (L), 2000, 19-22**

**Abstract**

The relations of Bessel polynomials of different arguments and parameters are given.

1. The simple Bessel polynomial [1] is defined by

$$y_n(x) = {}_2F_0\left(-n, 1+n; -; -\frac{1}{2}x\right)$$

and the generalised one by

$$y_n(a, b, x) = {}_2F_0\left(-n, a-1+n; -; -\frac{x}{b}\right).$$

Let us take as a general form [1]

$$\varphi_n(c, x) = \frac{(c)_n}{n!} {}_2F_0(-n, c+n; -; x)$$

for polynomials of this character. They may be write as

$$\varphi_n(c, x) = \sum_{s=0}^n \frac{(-1)^s (c)_{n+s} x^s}{s! (n-s)!}$$

and have the property

$$x^s = s! \sum_{k=0}^s \frac{(-1)^k (c+2k) \varphi_k(c, x)}{(s-k)! (c)_{s+k+1}}.$$

2. Consider the series

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \varphi_n(c, xy) t^n &= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \sum_{s=0}^n \frac{(-1)^s (c)_{n+s} x^s y^s t^{n+s}}{s! (n-s)!} \\ &= \sum_{n,s=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^s (c)_{n+2s} x^s y^s t^{n+s}}{s! n!} \\ &= \sum_{n,s=0}^{\infty} \sum_{k=0}^s \frac{(-1)^s (c)_{n+2s} y^s (a+2k) \varphi_k(a, x) t^{n+s}}{n! (s-k)! (a)_{s+k+1}} \\ &= \sum_{n,k,s=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^s (c)_{n+2s+2k} y^{s+k} (a+2k) \varphi_k(a, x) t^{n+s+k}}{n! s! (a)_{s+2k+1}}. \end{aligned}$$

Now rearrange terms in the above. We obtain

$$\begin{aligned} &\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \varphi_n(c, xy) t^n \\ &= \sum_{n,k=0}^{\infty} \sum_{s=0}^n \frac{(-n)_s (c+n+2k)_s y^{s+k} (c)_{n+2k} (a+2k) \varphi_k(a, x) t^{n+k}}{n! s! (a+2k+1)_s (a)_{2k+1}} \\ &= \sum_{n,k=0}^{\infty} {}_2F_1\left(-n, c+n+2k; a+2k+1; y\right) \frac{y^k (c)_{n+2k} \varphi_k(a, x) t^{n+k}}{n! (a)_{2k}} \\ &= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \sum_{k=0}^n {}_2F_1\left(-n+k, c+n+k; a+2k+1; y\right) \frac{y^k (c)_{n+k} \varphi_k(a, x) t^n}{(n-k)! (a)_{2k}}. \end{aligned}$$

Finally

$$\varphi_n(c, xy) = \sum_{k=0}^n {}_2F_1\left(-n+k, c+n+k; a+2k+1; y\right) \frac{y^k (c)_{n+k} \varphi_k(a, x)}{(n-k)! (a)_{2k}}. \quad (1)$$

**3. Special cases**

1°. If we put  $y = 1$  in (1), we obtain

$$\varphi_n(c, x) = \sum_{k=0}^n {}_2F_1 \left( \begin{matrix} -n+k, c+n+k; \\ a+2k+1; \end{matrix} 1 \right) \frac{(c)_{n+k} \varphi_k(a, x)}{(n-k)! (a)_{2k}}.$$

Because

$${}_2F_1 \left( \begin{matrix} -n+k, c+n+k; \\ a+2k+1; \end{matrix} 1 \right) = \frac{(a-c-n+k+1)_{n-k}}{(a+2k+1)_{n-k}},$$

we have

$$\varphi_n(c, x) = \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{(-1)^{n-k} (c-a)_{n-k} (c)_{n+k} (a+2k) \varphi_k(a, x)}{(n-k)! (a)_{n+k+1}}. \quad (2)$$

2°. From (2) we have: for  $a = 1$

$$\varphi_n \left( c, -\frac{x}{2} \right) = \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{(-1)^{n-k} (c-1)_{n-k} (c)_{n+k} (2k+1) y_k(x)}{(n-k)! (n+k+1)!}$$

and for  $c = 1$

$$y_n(x) = \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{(a-1)_{n-k} (n+k)! (a+2k) \varphi_k \left( a, -\frac{x}{2} \right)}{(n-k)! (a)_{n+k+1}}.$$

3°. Similarly, the relation between the generalised Bessel polynomials of different parameters is given by

$$y_n(c, b, x) = \sum_{k=0}^n (-1)^{n-k} \binom{n}{k} \frac{(c-a-1)_{n-k} (c+n-1)_k (a+2k-1) y_k(a, b, x)}{(a+k-1)_{n+1}}. \quad (3)$$

If we replace  $x$  by  $-\frac{x}{2}$  and  $y$  by  $\frac{2}{b}$ , from (1) we obtain

$$y_n(c, b, x) = \sum_{k=0}^n {}_2F_1 \left( \begin{matrix} -n+k, c+n+k-1; \\ 2+2k; \end{matrix} \frac{2}{b} \right) \binom{n}{k} \frac{(c+n-1)_k y_k(x)}{b^k (2k-1)!}.$$

**4. Application.** It is known that

$$\frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_C e^{-2/x} y_m(x) y_n(x) dx = (-1)^{n+1} \frac{2}{2n+1} \delta_{mn}. \quad i = \sqrt{-1}$$

where  $C: |x| = 1$  and  $\delta_{mn}$  is Kronecker's delta.

Then

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_C e^{-2/x} y_n(a, b, x) y_m(x) dx \\ &= (-1)^{m+1} \binom{n}{m} \frac{(a+n-1)_m}{b^m (2m+1)!!} {}_2F_1 \left( \begin{matrix} m-n, a+n+m-1; \\ 2m+2; \end{matrix} \frac{2}{b} \right). \end{aligned} \quad (4)$$

**References**

- [1] Rainville E. D.: *Special Functions*, The Macmillan Company, New York (1960).
- [2] Krall H. L. and Frink O. A.: *A New Class of Orthogonal Polynomials: the Bessel Polynomials*, Trans. American Mathematical Society, **65**, p. 110-115 (1942).
- [3] Popov B. S.: *Some relations between Bessel and Bernoulli polynomials*, Annuaire de l'institut des mathematiques, Skopje, Macedoine, T. **38**, (1997).

**НЕКОИ РЕЛАЦИИ НА ПОЛИНОМИТЕ НА БЕСЕЛ**

**Резиме**

Се даваат релации за полиноми на Бесел со различни аргументи и параметри.