

EXTENSION OF AN INTERPOLATION OF JENSEN'S INEQUALITY

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Abstract. Extension of interpolation of Jensen's inequality for convex functions given by S.S.Dragomir is obtained.

Let $f: C \subseteq X \rightarrow R$ is a convex mapping on convex set C of real linear space X , x_i are in C ($i=1, \dots, n$) and $p_i \geq 0$ with $P_n := \sum_{i=1}^n p_i > 0$. Then the well-known Jensen inequality

$$f\left(\frac{1}{P_n} \sum_{i=1}^n p_i x_i\right) \leq \frac{1}{P_n} \sum_{i=1}^n p_i f(x_i) \quad (1)$$

is valid.

Let $f_{n,k}$ be defined by

$$f_{n,k} = \frac{1}{P_n^k} \sum_{i_1=1}^n \dots \sum_{i_k=1}^n p_{i_1} \dots p_{i_k} f(x_{i_1} (1-t_1) + \sum_{j=1}^{k-1} x_{i_j} (1-t_{j+1}) t_1 \dots t_j + \bar{x} t_1 \dots t_k),$$

where $\bar{x} = \frac{1}{P_n} \sum_{i=1}^n p_i x_i$, and $t_i \in [0, 1]$, $i=1, \dots, n-1$.

S.S.Dragomir [1] gave the following interpolation of (1):

$$\begin{aligned} f\left(\frac{1}{P_n} \sum_{i=1}^n p_i x_i\right) &\leq f_{n,1} \leq \frac{1}{P_n^2} \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^n p_i p_j f(tx_i + (1-t)x_j) \leq \\ &\leq \frac{1}{P_n} \sum_{i=1}^n p_i f(x_i), \end{aligned} \quad (2)$$

where $t_i = t \in [0, 1]$.

Here, we shall note that the following extension of (2) is valid:

$$\begin{aligned} f\left(\frac{1}{P_n} \sum_{i=1}^n p_i x_i\right) &\leq f_{n,1} \leq f_{n,2} \leq \dots \leq f_{n,n-1} \leq \\ &\leq \frac{1}{P_n^n} \sum_{i_1=1}^n \dots \sum_{i_{n-1}=1}^n p_{i_1} \dots p_{i_{n-1}} f(x_{i_1} (1-t_1) + \sum_{j=1}^{n-2} x_{i_j} (1-t_{j+1}) t_1 \dots t_j + \\ &+ x_{i_n} t_1 \dots t_{n-1}) \leq \frac{1}{P_n} \sum_{i=1}^n p_i f(x_i). \end{aligned} \quad (3)$$

Indeed, we have

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{1}{P_n} \sum_{i=1}^n p_i f(x_i) &= \frac{1}{P_n} \sum_{i=1}^n \dots \sum_{i_n=1}^n p_{i_1} \dots p_{i_n} (f(x_{i_1}) (1-t_1) + \\
 &+ \sum_{j=1}^{n-2} f(x_{i_j}) (1-t_{j+1}) t_1 \dots t_j + f(x_{i_n}) t_1 \dots t_{n-1}) \geq \\
 &\geq \frac{1}{P_n} \sum_{i=1}^n \dots \sum_{i_n=1}^n p_{i_1} \dots p_{i_n} f(x_{i_1} (1-t_1) + \\
 &+ \sum_{j=1}^{n-2} x_{i_j} (1-t_{j+1}) t_1 \dots t_j + x_{i_n} t_1 \dots t_{n-1}) \geq \\
 &\geq \frac{1}{P_n} \sum_{i=1}^n \dots \sum_{i_{n-1}=1}^n p_{i_1} \dots p_{i_{n-1}} f(x_{i_1} (1-t_1) + \\
 &+ \sum_{j=1}^{n-2} x_{i_j} (1-t_{j+1}) t_1 \dots t_j + \bar{x} t_1 \dots t_{n-1}) \geq \\
 &\geq \frac{1}{P_n} \sum_{i=1}^n \dots \sum_{i_{n-2}=1}^n p_{i_1} \dots p_{i_{n-2}} f(x_{i_1} (1-t_1) + \\
 &+ \sum_{j=1}^{n-3} x_{i_j} (1-t_{j+1}) t_1 \dots t_j + \bar{x} t_1 \dots t_{n-2}) \\
 &\vdots \\
 &\geq \frac{1}{P_n} \sum_{i=1}^n p_{i_1} f(x_{i_1} (1-t_1) + \bar{x} t_1) \geq \\
 &\geq f\left(\frac{1}{P_n} \sum_{i=1}^n p_i x_i\right).
 \end{aligned}$$

REFERENCE

- [1] Dragomir S.S.: An improvement of Jensen's inequality, *Matematički Bilten*, to appear

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